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NSC BRIEFING

30 November 1954

SUMMARY OF NIE 10-7-54: COMMUNIST COURSES OF ACTION IN ASIA THROUGH 1957

I. Scope. Estimate analyzes considerations affecting post-Geneva Communist policy, and estimates main lines and specific aspects Communist.

particularly Chinese Communist, courses of action

II. General Considerations

- 1. Net effect Geneva and subsequent developments

 has been to advance the Communist position

 in Asia.
- 2. Sino-Soviet Relationship. USSR has prependerant influence in partnership, but main outlines their asien policy determined jointly by consultation.

 Chinese influence will grow. Effectiveness their alliance not likely be impaired by pocument No.

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- 3. Paramount factor in Communist determination policy in Asia will be their estimate of US actions and reactions.
- 4. Economic Development.
 - delocation from this years floods are
 that Chinese will achieve 5-Year Plan
 goal of doubling 1952 entput of products
 goods. Sector of economy
 - b. Agricultural difficulties plus population

 growth means aqueeze but the outlook

 is that the average per capita caloric

 intake will only decline 1.5 percent.

 (from 1650 to 1685)

 Chinese modern industrial sector growing

from es no rapidly as louis's and a Tunas

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- maximum possible increase (in view of consumption requirements and dependance on agricultural exports) assuming all trade restrictions removed would be approximately \$200 to \$300 million.
- III. Present Policy. A variant of familiar hard
 - a. New element, evident since death of Stalin,

 is heightened effort convince all of desire

 for "peaceful coexistence." In Asia, this

 desire in fact marked by desire:
 - (1) Lessen dangers US military actions

 against mainland China
 - (2) Dull vigilance of non-Communist Asia

 while continuing expansion by means

 short of war.
 - of extreme tension with US and Nat. China.

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IV. Future Policy. Will continue to woo Asia, while subverting it.

a. Expectation this long-range 'peaceful coexistence' policy will with minimum risk result in:

(1) Realization their present military and economic objectives.

- (2) Eventual elimination US influence from Asia.
- e Offshore Is. and Vietnam,

 Communists probably not initiate new local

 actions with identifiable Bloc forces.
- B. Nat. China. Chinese Communists will continue committed to "liberation" Nat. territories.

 Thus this issue will continue present greatest danger of war in Asia.

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- a. Toward Japan, emphasis on inducements to expand economic and diplomatic relations, in affort weaken Japan's ties with West.
- b. Toward India, emphasis on at least superficial respect India's position in South and Southeast Asia, in effort at least preserve India's neutralism.
- F. Indonesia. Their influence has grown considerably

since present gov't. took office July 1953.

Appending Austram as from China nation than USSA

a. Will continue present policies expand

influence thru "legal" means, while attempting
increase their covert potential.

- b. Will probably avoid highly agressive tactics
 lest these provoke domestic counteraction
 before their own strength great enough.
- that takeover by subversion or force possible



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- a. Will probably not invade Taiwan so long
 as clearly evident US has means and
 determination defend.
- islands and will probably attempt seize

 some of major ones. This almost certain

 if probes encounter no appreciable US

 counteraction. (G-2 dissents, believing

 Communist decisions rests less on

 considerations for US, and more on own

 total programs.
- C. <u>Indochina</u>.

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- will exert every effort gain South thru means short of war.
 - (1) If South greatly strengthens, or if

 July 1956 elections postponed, would

step up subversive and guerrillas, including infiltration VM troops from North, but would probably not openly invade, at least prior to July 1956.

b. Laos. Nature of aggressive action against will be moderated by need for "peace" line, particularly re India, and by possibility US counteraction.

- c. Cambodia. Will be determined by events

 Vietnam and Laos.
- e. Korea. Communist resumption hostilities unlikely.
 - a. If attacked by ROK, would repel, but would
 - invade ROK only if they estimated would not lead to war with US/UN forces.
- E. Japan and India will become increasingly

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 important targets for "coexistence" politics.

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